



A cultural journey

7 days and 6 nights in
Shanghai

Travel time

The 7-day trip includes: Zhujiajiao Ancient Town, City God Temple Mall, The Bund, Nanjing Road, Jinmao Tower + Huangpu River cruise, Oriental Pearl Tower, Yuyuan Garden, Shanghai Museum East Hall, China Art Museum, Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Love, Shanghai Disneyland, Shanghai Maritime Museum (closed on Monday), Madame Tussauds Wax Museum.

make the focal

Zhujiajiao Ancient Town: Zhujiajiao boasts a long history and abundant tourism resources, earning the title of "Pearl of Jiangnan". Designated as one of Shanghai's four historic towns in 1991, the town features 36 ancient bridges showcasing classical elegance. Nine waterfront streets and residential areas preserve Ming and Qing dynasty architectural styles. Particularly noteworthy is the Ming-era Five-Arch Stone Bridge over Caogang Canal, a magnificent structure with exquisite design. Recognized as one of Shanghai's oldest stone arch bridges and a municipal-level cultural heritage site, this bridge stands as a testament to the city's rich heritage.

City God Temple Mall: Nestled in Shanghai's most vibrant Chenghuang Temple tourist district, the Old City God Temple stands as a significant Taoist shrine in the city. Originally constructed during the Yongle reign of the Ming Dynasty (1403-1424), this architectural gem boasts nearly six centuries of history. Today, it has evolved into a bustling culinary paradise. The temple grounds are filled with Shanghai's signature snacks: Lvbolang's specialty pastries, Songyue Lou's vegetarian dumplings, Guihua Hall's osmanthus egg buns, Songyun Lou's eight-treasure rice balls, along with Nanxiang's steamed buns and rice wine dumplings. This true foodie's haven truly lives up to its reputation as a "Snack Kingdom".

the Bund: The representative of old Shanghai, known as the "Exhibition of International Architecture", faces the Huangpu River on the east side of the Bund, and is surrounded by 52 buildings with different styles such as Gothic, Romanesque and Baroque on the west side. The concession area after 1845 is a symbol and symbol of the century-old Bund!

Nanjin Road: Nanjing Road Pedestrian Street, a world-renowned commercial thoroughfare in Shanghai's Huangpu District, boasts over 100 years of history. Originally named "Pike Lane" in 1865, it was officially designated as Nanjing Road in 1865. The street's landscape design adheres to a people-centric philosophy, with carefully coordinated dimensions of decorative elements, street furniture, and lampposts harmonizing with architectural proportions. This creates a comfortable and leisurely shopping environment for visitors.

Jin Mao Tower: With both modern style and national style, it is a landmark building for Shanghai to step into the 21st century. The 88th floor observation hall of Jinmao Tower is the highest and largest observation hall in mainland China.

A cruise on the Huangpu River: The Huangpu River, Shanghai's

mother river, has not only witnessed the city's century-long transformation but also become a must-visit destination for travelers seeking to explore Shanghai's charm through its unique riverside landscapes. Taking a cruise on the Huangpu River offers the ultimate immersive experience of Shanghai's harmonious blend of classical heritage and modernity. From the international architectural marvels during daylight hours to the glittering lights at nightfall, each voyage unfolds like a flowing scroll painting, narrating the city's prosperity and cultural depth in a captivating manner.

Yu Garden: The northeastern section of Shanghai's Yuyuan Tourism Commercial District, adjacent to the Shanghai City God Temple and Yuyuan Tourism Mall, is a renowned classical Jiangnan garden and a world-famous historical site. Designated as a "National Key Cultural Relics Protection Unit" by the State Council in 1982, this 450-year-old masterpiece traces its origins to the Jiajing and Wanli reigns of the Ming Dynasty. Its founder, Pan Yunzhuang, who served as Sichuan's Provincial Administration Commissioner, began constructing the garden in 1559 (the Jiwei year of the Jiajing era) to provide a peaceful retirement for his father. Through over two decades of meticulous work, he transformed his vegetable garden into an artistic landscape featuring artificial rocks, ponds, pavilions, and bamboo gardens, ultimately creating the celebrated Yuyuan Garden.

the oriental pearl TV tower: The Oriental Pearl TV Tower, Asia's tallest television tower (468 meters), stands as a landmark of Shanghai. Climbing to its summit offers panoramic views of the Bund's scenery. Visitors ascend through three distinct levels: the 90-meter lower sphere, the 263-meter upper sphere, and a suspended glass corridor. The first floor features the Shanghai Urban History Exhibition Hall, which presents the city's developmental journey through seven thematic sections.

Shanghai Museum (East): The East Shanghai Museum, located at 1952 Century Avenue in Pudong New District, is situated near cultural landmarks including the Shanghai Science and Technology Museum, Shanghai Library East Branch, and Oriental Art Center, creating a vibrant cultural hub. Spanning nearly 120,000 square meters with six floors above ground and two underground levels, the museum features 20 exhibition halls and interactive experience zones showcasing over 15,000 cultural artifacts. After full opening, it is expected to attract more than 6 million annual visitors. Since its trial opening in February 2024, the venue has welcomed over 4 million visitors through December 2024. Positioned as a world-class museum of ancient Chinese art, it presents a comprehensive chronological display of traditional Chinese art while complementing it with special exhibi

Chinese Art Palace: The China Art Palace is a modern art museum integrating public welfare and academic nature. It has the basic functions of collection,

preservation, academic research, exhibition, popular education and foreign exchange. It insists on being based in Shanghai, working with the whole country and facing the world.

Shanghai Songcheng Qianyue: Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Romance

(also known as "Shanghai Songcheng") is a comprehensive theme park that blends historical culture, modern technology, and entertainment experiences. Centered around grand musical performances, it offers interactive experiences, family-friendly activities, and distinctive dining and shopping options to create an immersive "time-travel" cultural experience. The park features over ten indoor and outdoor theaters showcasing diverse content. It has also recreated the essence of old Shanghai through an indoor condensed version of "Shili Yangchang", with themed performance parades held every hour to keep visitors engaged.

Shanghai Disneyland: Shanghai Disneyland, China's first Disney theme park in

mainland China, is located in Chuansha New Town, Pudong New District, Shanghai. It officially opened on June 16, 2016. It is the second Disney theme park in China, the first in mainland China, the third in Asia and the sixth in the world.

Shanghai Maritime Museum: Located at 197 Shengang Avenue in Lingang

New City, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, the Shanghai Maritime Museum stands near Drip Lake and is recognized as China's most comprehensive maritime museum. Opened to the public in July 2010, it spans a total floor area of 46,434 square meters with 21,000 square meters dedicated to indoor exhibitions, welcoming approximately 319,629 visitors annually. Approved by the State Council, this museum is the nation's first national-level maritime institution jointly established by China's Ministry of Transport and the Shanghai Municipal Government.

Madame Tussauds Hong Kong : The Madame Tussauds Wax Museum,

founded by French sculptor Madame Tussauds (Marie-Georges Houdon) in the late 18th century, traces its origins to the late 18th century. From a young age, she studied wax sculpture under physician Philippe Cotte, and her most celebrated creation was the wax figure of French writer Voltaire in 1777. During the French Revolution, she was compelled to create "human head wax figures" for beheaded royal family members, an experience that imbued her early works with historical gravity. In 1802, Madame Tussauds relocated to London and established its first permanent exhibition hall. Over time, the wax museum evolved from a "news media platform" into a "public figure commentary platform," gradually expanding its scale through disasters like fires and earthquakes in the 20th

sum up

Day 1	Shanghai	Get off the train and check into the hotel.
Day 2	Shanghai	Visit Zhujiajiao Ancient Town, lunch at Oriental Pearl Tower, The Bund, Nanjing Road, Jinmao Tower + Huangpu River cruise, dinner
Day 3	Shanghai	Yuyuan Garden, City God Temple Shopping Mall Lunch Shanghai Museum East Hall Dinner
Day 4	Shanghai	China Art Museum (closed on Monday) Lunch Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Love Dinner
Day 5	Shanghai	One day tour to Shanghai Disneyland
Day 6	Shanghai	Shanghai Maritime Museum (closed Monday) Lunch Madame Tussauds Wax Museum Dinner
Day 7	Shanghai	Send the group according to the return train number



route or distance of travel

Day 1

The guide prepares to receive the train in advance according to the arrival time, and then takes a bus to the hotel for check-in.

Day 2

After breakfast, visit [Zhujiajiao Ancient Town]: Renowned as the "Pearl of Jiangnan" for its rich history and abundant cultural resources, this historic town was designated one of Shanghai's Four Major Historical and Cultural Towns in 1991. The town features 36 ancient bridges showcasing classical elegance, with nine waterfront streets and residential areas built along the waterways. These Ming and Qing dynasty-style buildings retain their timeless charm. Particularly noteworthy is the Five-Arch Stone Arch Release Bridge spanning the Caogang Canal, a Ming Dynasty structure celebrated for its exquisite design and grandeur. As one of Shanghai's oldest stone arch bridges, it holds the status of a municipal-level protected cultural heritage site. (9:30-11:00)

Lunch is served in a unified restaurant (11:30-12:30)

Visit the [Shanghai Oriental Pearl TV Tower]: As Asia's tallest television tower (468 meters) and Shanghai's iconic landmark, ascending to its summit offers panoramic views of the Bund. The ascent takes you through three distinct sections: the 90-meter lower sphere, the 263-meter upper sphere, and the suspended glass walkway. On the first floor lies the Shanghai Urban History Exhibition Hall, featuring seven thematic displays that chronicle the city's developmental journey. (13:00-14:30)

Exploring [The Bund and Nanjing Road]: As iconic representatives of old Shanghai, these landmarks are hailed as the "Exhibition of International Architecture". The Bund, facing the Huangpu River to the east, is flanked by 52 architectural marvels showcasing Gothic, Romanesque, and Baroque styles. These landmarks, established in the concession areas after 1845, stand as century-old symbols of Shanghai's evolution. The itinerary concludes with [Jin Mao Tower + Huangpu River Cruise].

(15:00-17:00)

Dinner is served in the restaurant and the group is sent off at the end of the trip.

(17:30-18:30)

Day 3

After breakfast, visit [Yuyuan Garden]: Located in the northeastern part of Shanghai's Yuyuan Tourism Commercial District, adjacent to Shanghai City God Temple and Yuyuan Tourism Mall, Yuyuan Garden is a renowned classical Jiangnan-style garden and a world-famous historical site. In 1982, it was designated as a "National Key Cultural Relics Protection Unit" by the State Council. Originally constructed during the Jiajing and Wanli periods of the Ming Dynasty (1536-1573), the garden boasts over 450 years of history. Its owner, Pan Yunzhuang, who once served as Sichuan Provincial Administration Commissioner, began building the garden in 1559 (Jiwei Year of Jiajing era) to provide a peaceful retirement for his father. Over twenty years of

meticulous construction, Pan Yunzhuang transformed his family's vegetable garden into a meticulously designed landscape featuring artificial rocks, ponds, pavilions, and bamboo gardens. The name "Yuyuan" (meaning "peaceful joy for the elderly") combine

Exploring [Chenghuang Temple Mall]: Located in Shanghai's most vibrant Chenghuang Temple Tourism Zone, the historic Old Chenghuang Temple is a significant Taoist temple complex. Originally constructed during the Yongle period of the Ming Dynasty (1403-1424), it boasts nearly six centuries of history. Today, this bustling hub offers a diverse array of local delicacies: Green Wave Corridor's signature dim sum, Songyue Lou's vegetarian buns, Osmanthus Hall's pigeon egg dumplings, Songyun Lou's eight-treasure rice balls, along with Nanxiang-style steamed buns and fermented rice balls. Truly, this place deserves its reputation as a food paradise. (9:30-12:00)

The restaurant served lunch (12:30-13:30)

Visiting the [Shanghai Museum East Branch] Located at 1952 Century Avenue in Pudong New District, the Shanghai Museum East Branch is adjacent to cultural landmarks including the Shanghai Science and Technology Museum, Shanghai Library East Branch, and Oriental Art Center, creating a cultural cluster effect. The complex spans nearly 120,000 square meters with six above-ground floors and two underground levels, featuring 20 exhibition halls and interactive experience spaces showcasing over 15,000 cultural artifacts. After full opening, it is expected to receive more than 6 million visitors annually. Since its trial opening in February 2024, it has welcomed over 4 million visitors through December. Positioned as a world-class museum dedicated to ancient Chinese art, it presents a comprehensive chronological exhibition of traditional Chinese art, supplemented by thematic displays of Jiangnan culture and Shanghai School art, along with interactive experience zones. The museum strives to become a "vital window for the world to explore China." (14:00-16:30)

Dinner is served in the restaurant and then we stay at the hotel. (17:00-18:00)

Day 4

After breakfast, we will visit [China Art Palace] (closed on Monday). China Art Palace is a modern art museum integrating public welfare and academic nature. It has the basic functions of collection preservation, academic research, exhibition display, popular education and foreign exchange. It insists on being based in Shanghai, working with the whole country and facing the world. (10:00-12:00)

The restaurant served lunch (12:30-13:30)

Visiting [Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Romance] Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Romance (also known as "Shanghai Songcheng") is a comprehensive theme park that blends historical culture, modern technology, and entertainment experiences. Centered around grand musical performances, it offers interactive experiences, family-friendly activities, and unique dining and shopping options to create an

immersive "time-travel" cultural experience. The park features over a dozen indoor and outdoor theaters showcasing diverse performances. It has recreated the essence of old Shanghai through an indoor condensed version of "Shili Yangchang", with themed performance parades held every hour to keep visitors engaged.

(14:00-16:30)

Dinner at the restaurant, then stay at the hotel. (17:00-18:00)

Day 5

After breakfast, a day trip to Shanghai Disneyland. (10:00-18:00)

Day 6

After breakfast, visit the Shanghai Maritime Museum (closed on Mondays). Located at 1952 Century Avenue in Pudong New District, the East Branch of Shanghai Museum is adjacent to cultural landmarks including the Shanghai Science and Technology Museum, Shanghai Library East Branch, and Oriental Art Center, creating a vibrant cultural hub. Covering nearly 120,000 square meters with six floors above ground and two underground levels, the museum features 20 exhibition halls and interactive experience zones showcasing over 15,000 cultural artifacts. Since its trial opening in February 2024, it has welcomed more than 4 million visitors through December 2024. Positioned as a world-class museum dedicated to ancient Chinese art, it presents comprehensive chronological exhibitions of traditional Chinese art, supplemented by special displays on (9:30-12:00)

The restaurant served lunch (12:30-13:30)

Visiting Madame Tussauds Wax Museum Madame Tussauds, founded by French wax sculptor Madame Tussaud (Marie-Georges Houdon) in the late 18th century, traces its origins to the late 18th century. She began learning wax sculpture techniques from physician Philippe Cottez and gained fame in 1777 with her wax figure of French writer Voltaire. During the French Revolution, she was compelled to create "human head wax figures" for beheaded royal family members, an experience that imbued her early works with historical gravity. In 1802, Madame Tussaud relocated to London and established her first permanent exhibition hall. Over time, the wax museum evolved from a "news media platform" into a "public commentary hub," gradually expanding its scale through disasters like fires and earthquakes in the 20th century. Today, its headquarters remains in (14: 00-16:30)

Dinner at the restaurant, then stay at the hotel. (17:00-18:00)

Day 7

After breakfast, the guide will arrange to leave the station in advance according to the return train time. (10:00)





It includes the trip

1. Transportation: air-conditioned tourist bus.
- 2.view spot: Zhujiajiao Ancient Town, City God Temple Mall, The Bund, Nanjing Road, Jinmao Tower + Huangpu River cruise ship, Oriental Pearl Tower, Yu Garden, Shanghai Museum East Hall, China Art Museum, Shanghai Songcheng Everlasting Love, Shanghai Disneyland, Madame Tussauds Wax Museum. The scenic spots in the trip include the first gate ticket
- 3.Dinner: 8 meals, 6 breakfasts.
- 4.Guide: professional guide with guide certificate to provide quality service
- 5.Two bottles of water per person per day.
- 6.Other: including guide and driver meal allowance.

The trip is not included

- 1.The tickets of scenic spots not mentioned in the itinerary are self-paid. This itinerary does not include the tickets of the park, the cable car, the cruise ship and other transportation costs of the scenic spot.
- 2.No round-trip transportation tickets included.
- 3.Force majeure: additional costs caused by unforeseen factors such as traffic delays, strikes and weather.

4. Personal consumption: all personal expenses and free of charge projects in the scenic spots during the trip.
5. Other: Other items not included in the cost and self-funded attractions.