



Cultural Tour

7 days and 6 nights in Beijing

Travel time

The 7-day trip includes Tian'anmen Square, the Palace Museum, Mutianyu Great Wall, Ming Tombs, the Summer Palace, the Temple of Heaven, Yonghe Temple, Qianmen Street, Shichahai and the Olympic Park.

make the focal/ key points stand out

Tian'anmen Square: With a length of 880 meters, a width of 500 meters and an area of 440,000 square meters, it is the largest urban central square in the world and can hold a gathering of one million people at the same time.

The square features iconic landmarks including Tiananmen Gate, the Monument to the People's Heroes, Chairman Mao Memorial Hall, Great Hall of the People, National Museum of China, and Zhengyangmen. These structures,

serving as solemn memorials to revolutionary martyrs and the nation's founding leader, stand as vital hubs for patriotic education and preserving revolutionary heritage.

the Palace Museum: The Forbidden City in Beijing, formerly known as the Purple Forbidden City, served as the imperial palace of China's Ming and Qing dynasties. Located at the heart of Beijing's central axis, this architectural marvel epitomizes ancient Chinese palace design. Centered around its iconic Three Great Halls, the complex spans 720,000 square meters with a floor area of approximately 150,000 square meters, comprising over seventy palaces and more than 9,000 rooms. Recognized as one of the world's largest and best-preserved wooden structures among ancient architecture, it remains an enduring testament to China's architectural heritage.

Mutianyu Section of the Great Wall: Visiting the Great Wall, known as one of the Nine Great Fortresses under heaven, makes you feel the heroic vow of "not being a true hero until reaching the Great Wall". With its towering walls and interconnected crenellations, it has been a strategic military stronghold since ancient times. Historically, the Mutianyu section of the Great Wall served as a crucial gateway to protect the capital.

Dynasty Emperors: Nestled in the southern foothills of Tianshou Mountain within Beijing's Changping District, approximately 50 kilometers from Tiananmen Square, this imperial mausoleum complex is situated in a small basin surrounded by mountains on three sides (east, west, and north). The burial grounds are embraced by rolling hills with a central plain, while a meandering stream flows before the mausoleum complex. Covering over 120 square kilometers, the site contains the remains of 13 emperors, 23 empresses, one imperial concubine, and dozens of palace attendants who were buried alongside the deceased. Recognized as the world's most intact imperial burial complex, it holds the distinction of being the largest imperial mausoleum

complex containing a significant number of emperor interments.

Yonghegong: Located at No.12 Yonghegong Street in Beijing's Dongcheng District, this historic site occupies the northeastern corner of Beijing's inner city, stretching from Xilou Hutong in the south to the inner city walls in the north. Originally constructed in 1694 during the Kangxi reign of the Qing Dynasty as the "Yongqing Prince's Mansion" – the residence of Emperor Yongzheng before his accession – it was elevated to a temporary imperial palace in 1725 and officially named "Yonghegong". In 1744, during the Qianlong reign, it was transformed into a Tibetan Buddhist Gelug Sect monastery.

the Summer Palace: The Summer Palace, a royal garden built in 1750 during the 15th year of the Qianlong reign of the Qing Dynasty, covers an area of 3.009 square kilometers, with water covering about three-quarters of the area. It is a large natural landscape garden with Wanshou Mountain and Kunming Lake as its main features.

Temple of Heaven: The Temple of Heaven served as the imperial sacrificial site for emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties to worship heaven and pray for bountiful harvests. Designated a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1998, it was officially recognized as a National 5A Tourist Attraction on May 8, 2007. The Temple of Heaven Park is encircled by two concentric walls, with its circular inner structure contrasting against the square outer enclosure, symbolizing the traditional Chinese concept of "heavenly roundness and earthly squareness." Four Lingxing Gates (Gate of Celestial Stars) stand guard at each corner. Within

the sacred grounds lies the Hall of Prayer for Good Harvests, complemented by auxiliary structures including the Western Palace, Bell Tower, Divine Kitchen, and Sacred Storehouse.

Front Gate Street: Before the construction of the outer city walls in 1550 (29th year of the Ming Jiajing reign), this area served as the imperial route for the emperor to visit the Temple of Heaven and the Altar of Mountains and Rivers. After the walls were built, it became the main north-south thoroughfare of the outer city. Known as Zhengyangmen Street during the Ming and Qing dynasties through the Republican era, it was colloquially called Qianmen Street by locals before being officially named Qianmen Street in 1965. The street preserves architectural styles from the Ming-Qing period through the Republican era, where blue-tiled roofs, gray-walled structures, intricately carved beams, and painted pillars create a harmonious contrast with time-honored shop signs and traditional banners, forming a vital window showcasing old Beijing's unique charm.

Shichahai: In addition to its large beautiful lake, Shichahai is also a famous historical block in Beijing. There are many historic sites such as famous people's former residences and princely mansions scattered in it. These hutongs are the cultural characteristics of Beijing and the root of old Beijing. To experience the taste of old Beijing, visiting hutongs is an essential trip.

Olympic Green : Located in Chaoyang District at the northern end of Beijing's central axis, Beijing Olympic Park spans 11.59 square kilometers. As the main venue for the 2008 Beijing Olympics and the world's first "Double Olympic" park, it was recognized as a National Sports Industry Demonstration Base in 2013. Leveraging its comprehensive facilities, the park has hosted over 10,000 large-scale events including major international conferences, performances, and high-profile exhibitions, with nearly 1,000 being significant global activities. It has gradually emerged as the premier destination for international competitions, cultural performances, and global exchanges.





sum up

Day 1	Beijing	After receiving the call, the guide and driver pick up the VIP and check into the hotel
Day 2	Beijing	Tian 'anmen Square, the Forbidden City
Day 3	Beijing	Summer Palace, Olympic Park
Day 4	Beijing	Muyantyu Great Wall, Ming Dynasty 13 Tombs
Day 5	Beijing	Yonghe Palace, Shichahai
Day 6	Beijing	Qianmen Street in Tiananmen Square
Day 7	Beijing	Transportation is arranged according to the station

route or distance of travel

Day 1

Your guide and driver will pick you up at the airport and take you to the hotel for check-in



Day 2

8:00 After getting up and having breakfast, we took a bus to Tian'anmen

09:30—11:30 Explore Tiananmen Square, the largest city center square in the world, covering 440,000 square meters and capable of hosting grand gatherings for one million people. The exterior of the Monument to the People's Heroes offers a panoramic view of China's highest performing arts venue. The National Centre for the Performing Arts, People's Great Hall, and Chairman Mao Memorial Hall also showcase their grand exteriors.

12:00—13:00 Lunch

14:00—16:00 **【the Palace Museum】** (The tour is 2 hours long and includes admission) The Forbidden City in Beijing, formerly known as the Purple Forbidden City, served as the imperial palace of China's Ming and Qing dynasties. Located at the heart of Beijing's central axis, this architectural marvel epitomizes ancient Chinese palace design. Centered around its iconic Three Great Halls, the complex spans 720,000 square meters with a floor area of approximately 150,000 square meters. It comprises over seventy palace complexes and more than 9,000 rooms, standing as one of the world's largest and best-preserved wooden structures among ancient architecture.

16:50—17:50 supper

18:00—18:30 Take a bus back to the hotel



Day 3

08:30After breakfast, the guide and driver went to the hotel to pick up the guests

09:50—11:30Visit the royal gardens and the four famous gardens of China—— **【the Summer Palace】** (Including entrance ticket to the scenic spot, 100 minutes of tour) ,The beautiful scenery of “Ten miles of green mountains in the picture, white birds flying together like Jiangnan” can be seen at a glance. The Summer Palace has a clever artistic conception and plays a significant role in the history of Chinese and foreign garden art. It is a rare masterpiece of garden art in the world! The Summer Palace is mainly composed of two parts: Longevity Hill and Kunming Lake.

12:00—13:00 Lunch

14:50—16:30Visit the venues of the opening and closing ceremonies of the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games **【bird nest】** exterior、National Aquatics Center **【Water Cube】** exterior 、 **【Exquisite Pagoda】** exterior、 The Olympic Park is huge, Walking is hard, From a distance, it is the pinnacle of architectural history. It is the only sightseeing tower in the world composed of five independent towers; The highest point of the dragon’s path in the legend of feng shui **【Beijing Olympic Tower】** exteriorThe exterior of the building and the dragon-shaped water system are among the landscapes.

16:50—17:50 supper

18:00—18:30Take a bus back to the hotel.



Day 4

08:00 The driver and guide picked up the VIP

10:00--11:40 arrive **【Mutianyu Section of the Great Wall】** (The tour lasts 100 minutes) (Self-reliance without ropeway: 140 yuan/person) Visiting the Great Wall, hailed as one of the Nine Great Fortresses under heaven, makes one feel the bold ambition of "not being a true hero until reaching the Great Wall". With its towering walls and interconnected crenellations, it has been a strategic military stronghold since ancient times. Historically, the Mutianyu section of the Great Wall served as a crucial gateway to protect the capital.

12:00--13:00 Lunch

14:30--14:30 arrive **【Dynasty Emperors】** (The tour lasts 120 minutes) Covering an area of more than 120 square kilometers, the mausoleum is the largest imperial tomb complex in the world with the best preservation, burying 13 emperors, 23 empresses, one imperial concubine and dozens of palace people.

16:50--17:50 supper

18:00--18:30 Take a bus back to the hotel.



Day 5

08:30After breakfast, the guide and driver went to the hotel to pick up the guests

09:50—11:30arrive 【Yonghegong】

Originally built in 1694 during the reign of Emperor Kangxi, it was originally known as the "Yongqing Prince's Mansion" before Emperor Yongzheng ascended the throne. In 1725, it was upgraded to a temporary palace and renamed "Yonghe Palace". In 1744, during the ninth year of Qianlong's reign, it was rebuilt into a Tibetan Buddhist Gelugpa monastery.

14:00—15:30 arrive 【Shichahai】

In addition to its large beautiful lake, Shichahai is also a famous historical block in Beijing, with many famous people's former residences, palaces and other historic sites scattered among them. These hutongs are the cultural characteristics of Beijing and the root of old Beijing. To experience the taste of old Beijing, it is essential to visit the hutongs.

16:50—17:50 supper

18:00—18:30Take a bus back to the hotel.



Day 6

08:30After breakfast, the guide and driver went to the hotel to pick up the guests

09:30--11:00arrive **【Temple of Heaven】** (The 90-minute tour includes the Hall of Prayer for Good Harvest, the Imperial Vault of Heaven and the Circular Mound) 。 The Temple of Heaven was the place where emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties worshipped the sky and prayed for a good harvest. It was recognized by UNESCO in 1998 “world cultural heritage”.

12:00--13:00 Lunch

14:00--15:30arrive **【Front Gate Street】**

The streets retain the architectural style of the Ming and Qing dynasties to the Republican era. The Chinese-style pavilions with blue tiles, gray walls, carved beams and painted beams, together with the signs of old brands and traditional banners, form a charming window to show the old Beijing style。

16:50--17:50 supper

18:00--18:30Take a bus back to the hotel。



Day 7

The trip to Beijing is over. Our guide and driver will take you to the airport.

Quotation included

- 1.unobstructed: Air-conditioned tour bus throughout the journey.
- 2.view spot : [The Forbidden City](#), [Shichahai](#), [Mutianyu Great Wall](#), [Ming Tombs](#), [Summer Palace](#), [Temple of Heaven](#), [Qianmen Street](#), [Yonghe Temple](#) 。 The first ticket is included in the scenic spots along the route
- 3.stay: The whole journey was rated as a 4-star hotel
- 4.have dinner: Including 6 breakfasts and 10 main meals
- 5.cicerone : Professional guides with guide certificates provide quality service
- 6.insurance : Travel accident insurance and travel agency liability insurance of 200,000 yuan per person.
- 7.Two bottles of water per person per day.
8. else: Guide and driver meal allowance included.

Quotation does not include

- 1.The ticket for the scenic spot not mentioned in the itinerary is self-paid. This itinerary does not include the ticket for the park within the park, the cable car of the scenic spot, the boat of the scenic spot and other transportation costs. The Great Wall cable car is not included, which costs 140 yuan round trip.
- 2.No round-trip transportation tickets included.
- 3.Force majeure: additional costs caused by unforeseen factors such as traffic delays, strikes and weather.
- 4.Personal consumption: all personal expenses and free projects in the

scenic spots during the trip.

5. Other: Other items not included in the cost and self-funded attractions.